GE	NERAL NOTES:	BIS	ON MID-DENSITY WOOD TILE FS-12 WIND SYSTEM NOTES:	
1.	This Bison Mid-Density Wood Tile FS-12 Wind System is an Independent Exterior	1.	Wood tile pavers shall be 1-11/16 thick $\pm$ 1/16" at the perimeter with a minimum	
	Elevated Flooring System structurally designed and tested in accordance with the Florida Building Code, Building, 8th Edition (2023), non-HVHZ regions, (FBC) and the 2024 International Building Code (IBC).	2.	weight of 4 psf. Wood tiles shall be constructed using wood with a specific Gravity ranging from	12.14
2.	This Product Evaluation Document (PED) is prepared by the Product Engineer and is generic. It does not include information prepared for a specific site.		0.80 to 1.1 with a minimum ASD bending strength, Fb = 1,600 psi or a modulus of rupture of 15,000 psi when tested in accordance with ASTM D198. Wood tiles shall be constructed in accordance with the details shown herein.	.62" 2.84" / 2.93'
3.	The Bison Mid-Density Wood Tile FS-12 Wind System is designed and tested to resist the following Design Loads used in Strength Design Load Combinations in accordance with Section 1605.2 of the FBC:	3.	All wood tile pavers shall have a continuous perimeter kerf cut to accommodate the required spline. Kerf cuts in wood tiles shall be a maximum of 0.16" high and 0.78" wide, unless noted otherwise.	
	A. System Dead Load4 - 7 psfB. Superimposed Dead Load0 - 10 psf	4.	Typical wood tile size shall be a minimum of 14" x 14" and a maximum of 24" x 72". Rectangular and irregular shaped pavers within these sizes are acceptable provided the member sizes and spacing shown in Detail D1 are	
	Additional dead load features require additional pedestal supports and are outside the scope of these PEDs.	5.	maintained. At perimeter rows, discontinuous edges, or atypical locations such as diagonal or curved perimeters, a minimum paver dimension of 8" shall be maintained and	2.15"
	C. Live Load 100 psf		the paver shall be engaged by a perimeter ledger support	
	D. Positive Wind Load 60 psf	6.	Wood tiles shall be placed in stack bond or parquet (basket weave) pattern. Wood tile pavers with a length to width ratio greater than or equal to 2:1 may be	.18" PLAN VIEV
	E. Negative Wind Load - Reference General Note 4.		placed in a running bond pattern.	FS-12 SP
4.	The Bison Mid-Density Wood Tile FS-12 Wind System is designed to resist uplift in accordance with the referenced codes provided the building meets the limitations of ASCE 7-22 as defined in Figures 30.3-5A (footnote 5) and 30.4-1 and the application is within the limits defined in Tables 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4A, & 4B.	7.	All wood tile pavers shall be continuously supported at the perimeter of the installation and all discontinuous interior edges with the ledger support details shown herein.	<b>FS12 FS12 SCALE:</b> 3" =
5.	The wood tile paver system uplift capacity is determined based on FIU's NHERI Experimental Facility Test Report Number 2022-189e-02, Cases 7a & 7c and	8.	A solid parapet or curb with a minimum height at least flush with the finished pavers is required at the perimeter and discontinuous edges of paver installations.	BISON MID-DENSITY
	Design Guidelines for Roof Pavers Against Wind Uplift, ASCE/SEI Structures Congress, April 2015. This wind tunnel testing and research address the pressure equalization below the pavers and provides data and design criteria that address paver uplift in compliance with FBC Section 104.11, FBC Section 3115.4.4, and	9.	Wood tile pavers shall be installed with a 3/16" gap between pavers and a maximum gap of 3/16" between edge paver and perimeter constraint. Spacers shall be used to control the gap.	WOOD TILE FLUSH CURB DOWNTURNED
6.	ASCE 7-22 Sections 30.1.5, 30.12, & Ch. 31. For non-conforming buildings or buildings utilizing wind tunnel testing to determine uplift loads, the Design Professional of Record shall evaluate the uplift	10.	Wood tile pavers shall be installed with a cavity height between the bottom of pavers and the top of the underlying roof surface of no less than 1/2" and no more than 18".	LEDGER
_	resistance considering the site specific conditions of the project or consult with the project's wind consultant.	11.	Pedestal support system shall be either the Screwjack, Versadjust, or Level. It pedestal assemblies shown herein with a minimum weight of 0.4 psf.	
7.	This Bison Mid-Density Wood Tile FS-12 Wind System is suitable for use only with the direct involvement of the Design Professional of Record for a specific site, a Licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Architect. The Design Professional of Record shall review these document to verify the following:	12.	paver intersections with additional pedestals installed as required to support atypical conditions. Reference Bison installation instructions.	
	A. The design criteria as indicated herein are applicable to the site-specific conditions.	13.	Pedestals and FS-12 spline shall be fabricated from Bison's B-PP-2025 polypropylene copolymer with a minimum tensile strength at yield in accordance with ASTM D638 of 3,200 psi loaded at 0.2"/min and a minimum flexural module in accordance by the strength of the strength at yield in accordance by the strength of the strength at yield in accordance by the strength of the strength at yield in accordance by the strength of the strength at yield in accordance by the strength of	
	B. Where Tables 1 or 3 are utilized to evaluate paver uplift capacity, the associated Table 1 & 3 notes are applied appropriately.		modulus in accordance with ASTM D790 of 275 ksi. B-PP-2025 subjected to 4,500 hours of accelerated weathering in accordance with ASTM G155 shall exhibit less than a 10% change in yield strength.	
	<ul><li>C. Where Table 2A, 2B, 4A, or 4B are utilized to evaluate paver uplift capacity, the associated Table 2A, 2B, 4A, &amp; 4B notes are applied appropriately.</li><li>D. The roofing system has the capacity to support the Dead and Live loads and is</li></ul>	14.	All paver joint intersections shall utilize the FS-12 spline and screw detail shown herein to connect adjacent pavers and fasten to the pedestals. For atypical conditions, reference Layout Diagram shown herein.	m es P
	compatible with the Independent Exterior Elevated Flooring System as shown herein.	15.		
8.	Uplift capacity for the wood tile paver system may be evaluated utilizing Table 1 or 3 to determine the maximum height 'h' for a given Basic Wind Speed 'V' or utilizing Table 2A, 2B, 4A, or 4B to determine the maximum allowable roof component design pressures.	16.	1/8".	PEDESTAL
9.	The Bison Mid-Density Wood Tile FS-12 Wind System is not intended to be part of a Ballasted Roofing System and does not shield the underlying roofing system from wind loads. The underlying roofing system shall be capable of resisting the full design wind loads as appropriate for a specific project.			F1 BISON MID-DENSITY WOOD TIL
10.	This PED addresses the structural performance of the system. Architectural, MEP, and fire classification issues are the responsibility of the Design Professional of Record.			
11.	For IBC compliance, reference IBC Section 1511.9.1 for perimeter enclosure requirements and IBC Section 1511.9.2 for fire classification requirements.			
12.	This PED shall bear the original or digitally authenticated signature, date, and seal of John W. Knezevich, PE.			
13.				
14.	This PED is the installation instructions portion of a product evaluation and shall only be used with the corresponding Product Evaluation Report.			
4 -		1		

15. Contractor shall obtain approval of the A/E of Record prior to ordering materials and coordinate material order with the approved system. Contractor shall install the paver system in compliance with this PED.











# **FLUSH PARAPET CONDITION** TABLES FOR USE WITH FLUSH OR 12-INCH PARAPET CONDITIONS

#### Table 1: ASCE 7-22

Max Height vs Wind Speed				
Basic Wind Speed 'V'	Maxi	mum Heig (feet)	ht 'h'	
(mph)	Ехр В	Exp C	Exp D	
≤ 95	500	458	269	
≤ 100	500	277	149	
≤ 105	427	171	85	
≤ 110	301	108	49	
≤ 115	216	70	29	
≤ 120	157	46	18	
≤ 130	86	21	N.A.	
≤ 140	49	N.A.	N.A.	
≤ 150	29	N.A.	N.A.	
≤ 160	18	N.A.	N.A.	
> 160	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	

Table 2A: ASCE 7-22; Mean Roof Height  $\leq$  60 feet

Allowable Uplift Wind Pressures						
USD / ASD	Zone 1'	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3		
USD	-36.3 psf	-63.1 psf	-83.3 psf	-113.5 psf		
ASD	-21.8 psf	-37.9 psf	-50.0 psf	-68.1 psf		

#### Table 2B: ASCE 7-22; Mean Roof Height > 60 feet

Allowable Uplift Wind Pressures					
USD / ASD	USD / ASD Zone 1'		Zone 2	Zone 3	
USD	NA	-53.1 psf	-83.3 psf	-113.5 psf	
ASD	NA	-31.8 psf	-50.0 psf	-68.1 psf	

# **12-INCH PARAPET CONDITION** TABLES FOR USE WITH 12-INCH PARAPET CONDITION ONLY

Max	x Height vs Wind Speed				
Basic Wind Speed 'V' -	Maximum Height 'h' (feet)				
(mph)	Exp B	Exp C	Exp D		
≤ 95	500	500	500		
≤100	500	500	420		
≤ 105	500	415	240		
≤110	500	263	140		
≤115	425	170	84		
≤120	309	112	51		
≤130	169	51	20		
≤140	97	24	N.A.		
≤ 150	57	N.A.	N.A.		
≤160	35	N.A.	N.A.		
≤ 170	22	N.A.	N.A.		
> 170	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.		

Table 4A. ASCE 7-22, Weath Noor Height 2 00 feet					
Allowable Uplift Wind Pressures					
USD / ASD	Zone 1'	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	
USD	-43.4 psf	-75.6 psf	-99.8 psf	-136.0 psf	
ASD	-26.1 psf	-45.4 psf	-59.9 psf	-81.6 psf	

Allowable Uplift Wind Pressures						
USD / ASD Zone 1'		Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3		
USD	NA	-63.6 psf	-99.8 psf	-136.0 psf		
ASD	NA	-38.1 psf	-59.9 psf	-81.6 psf		

### TABLE 1 & 3 NOTES:

- 1. The 'V' and 'h' limits provided in Table 1 & 3 are based upon the following:
  - Basic Wind Speed 'V' is determined based on Risk Α. Category and local requirements.
  - Exposure Category "B", "C", or "D" is determined based on location and local requirements. B.
  - Roof deck surfaces are consistent with monoslope C roofs  $\leq$  3 degrees.
  - Building is an enclosed building with GCpi = 0.18. D. The system is not rated for open, partially encloséd, or partially open buildings.
  - Site conditions, and shape and location of host F. building are representative of a Topographic Factor, Kzt = 1.0, a Ground Elevation Factor, Ke  $\leq$ 1.0, and a Directionality Factor Kd = 0.85.
- 3. For N.A. values, the paver system is not adequate at any height 'h' for the noted Exposure and Wind Speed
- 4. Values of 'h' or 'V' beyond those shown in Table 1 are outside the scope of these documents.

### **TABLE 2A, 2B, 4A, & 4B NOTES:**

- 1. As an alternative to the Velocity vs Height values in Table 1 or 3, allowable uplift pressure for roof zones 1', 1, 2, & 3 as shown in Tables 2A, 2B, 4A, & 4B may be utilized provided the building and component wind load calculations comply with the criteria below. For clarity, both USD and ASD allowable uplift pressures are provided.
  - A. Basic Wind Speed is determined based on Risk Category and local requirements.
  - B. Exposure Category "B", "C", or "D" is determined based on location and local requirements.
  - C. Building is an enclosed building with GCpi = 0.18. The system is not rated for open, partially enclosed, or partially open buildings.
  - D. Topographic Factor, Kzt as required for local conditions.
  - E. Effective Wind Area = 10 square feet.
  - F. Directionality Factor, Kd = 0.85
- G. Ground Elevation Factor, Ke as permitted for local conditions.
- H. Parapet Height = 0 or 1 ft. Load ratings are not applicable for loads reduced due to parapet height.
- I. Roof deck surfaces are consistent with monoslope roofs  $\leq$  3 degrees.
- J. Mean Roof Height  $\leq$  60 feet with GCp from Figure 30.3-2A (see Figure 30.3-5A, footnote 5) and reference Table 2A or 4A for Allowable Uplift Wind Pressures.
- K. Mean Roof Height > 60 feet with GCp from Figure 30.4-1 and reference Table 2B or 4B for Allowable Uplift Wind Pressures.
- 2. The allowable uplift pressures noted herein shall be greater than a building's roof component design pressures.

## **12-INCH PARAPET CONDITION NOTES:**

- 1. Tables 3, 4A, & 4B are only applicable when the following conditions are met:
  - A. A minimum 12" high parapet is required at the perimeter of paver area unless the perimeter is more than 15 feet from a building edge.
  - acceptable discontinuous edges provided the discontinuous edge is more than 15 feet from a building edge.
  - are acceptable at all interior areas.

## Table 4A: ASCE 7-22: Mean Roof Height < 60 feet

### Table 4B: ASCE 7-22; Mean Roof Height > 60 feet



B. Flush curb conditions are at interior

C. Flush curb conditions at doors





